

A New Antiferromagnetic Molecular Conductor With Modified λ -type Structure, λ' -(BETS)₂FeBr₄

Biao Zhou¹, Hisashi Tanaka,² Akiko Kobayashi¹, and Hayao Kobayashi¹

¹ Department of Chemistry, College of Humanities and Sciences, Nihon University, Sakurajosui 3-25-40 Setagaya-Ku, Tokyo 156-8550, Japan

² Nanotechnology Research Institute, AIST, Umezono, Tsukuba 305-8568, Japan
Email: zhou@chs.nihon-u.ac.jp

It has been reported that the molecular conductors based on BETS (bis(ethylenedithio)-tetraselenafulvalene) and magnetic anions FeX₄⁻ (X = Cl, Br) gave novel systems showing attractive electromagnetic properties such as magnetic field induced superconductivity [1,2]. Here, we report the crystal structure, electrical resistivity, magnetic susceptibility of new BETS conductor, λ' -(BETS)₂FeBr₄.

λ' -(BETS)₂FeBr₄ is isostructural to λ' -(BETS)₂GaBr₄ [3] and has a modified λ -type structure. The planar BETS molecules are stacked along the *b* axis, and form two-dimensional conduction layers parallel to (010). The FeBr₄⁻ anions are located in the spaces between the BETS layers. Although the intermolecular overlap integrals between HOMOs along the *b* direction are much larger than those along the *a* and *c* directions, the tight-binding band calculation gave two-dimensional Fermi surfaces.

Resistivities of λ' -(BETS)₂FeBr₄ were measured by conventional four probe method. The room-temperature conductivity was fairly high ($\sigma_{r.t.} = 30 \text{ S}\cdot\text{cm}^{-1}$), but the resistivities were almost temperature independent at 300-50 K. Then the resistivities increased rapidly below 50 K, indicating a metal-insulator (MI) transition. The resistivity at 4 K was about 300 times larger than the room-temperature value.

The magnetic susceptibilities of λ' -(BETS)₂FeBr₄ were measured by SQUID magnetometer. A Curie-Weiss behavior was observed in the high temperature region ($\chi_{it} = 1.40 \times 10^{-2} \text{ emu mol}^{-1}$, $C = 4.24 \text{ emu K mol}^{-1}$, $\theta = -2.8 \text{ K}$) indicating the existence of a localized $S = 5/2 \text{ Fe}^{3+}$ spin on each structure unit. However, a sudden decrease in susceptibilities was observed below *ca.* 3 K, suggesting an antiferromagnetic (AF) transition. In contrast to λ -(BETS)₂FeCl₄ [4], where π electron system undergoes a coupled AF and MI transition, the Fe³⁺ spins in λ' -(BETS)₂FeBr₄ are 3-D ordered below 3 K.

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